WEST Search History



DATE: Wednesday, November 17, 2004

Hide?	Set Nam	e Query	Hit Count
	L5	pt7 and silenc\$	45
	L4	L3 and silenc\$	5
	L3	t7-polymerase	53
	L2	(rna polymerase and silenc\$) [clm]	9
	L1	rna polymerase and silenc\$	2777

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

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                 resulting in a closer connection to BABS
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                 BIOTECHABS/BIOTECHDS: Two new display fields added for legal
NEWS
         AUG 27
                 status data from INPADOC
      9
                 INPADOC: New family current-awareness alert (SDI) available
         SEP 01
NEWS
                 New pricing for the Save Answers for SciFinder Wizard within
NEWS 10
         SEP 01
                 STN Express with Discover!
NEWS 11
         SEP 01
                 New display format, HITSTR, available in WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX
NEWS 12
         SEP 27
                 STANDARDS will no longer be available on STN
                 SWETSCAN will no longer be available on STN
NEWS 13
         SEP 27
                 KOREAPAT now available on STN
NEWS 14
         OCT 28
NEWS EXPRESS
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              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 11 AUGUST 2004
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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:50:01 ON 17 NOV 2004

=> file agricola caplus biosis COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 12:50:10 ON 17 NOV 2004

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=> s t7 and plant? L1 1115 T7 AND PLANT?

=> s 17 and t7 promoter

L7 NOT FOUND

The L-number entered could not be found. To see the definition of L-numbers, enter DISPLAY HISTORY at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s l1 and t7 promoter L2 224 L1 AND T7 PROMOTER

=> dup rem 13
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3
L4 41 DUP REM L3 (13 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-10 ti

- L4 ANSWER 1 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Pre-screening plastid transgene expression cassettes in Escherichia coli may be unreliable as a predictor of expression levels in chloroplast-transformed **plants**
- L4 ANSWER 2 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI T7 RNA Polymerase-Directed Expression of an Antibody Fragment Transgene in Plastids Causes a Semi-Lethal Pale-Green Seedling Phenotype
- L4 ANSWER 3 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Method for the in vitro synthesis of short double stranded RNAs and use thereof for RNA interference and gene silencing
- L4 ANSWER 4 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Methods and compositions for independent DNA replication in eukaryotic cells, by introducing a replication cassette and a replication system into a cell
- L4 ANSWER 5 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Construction of regulated systems in **plants** using multiple transformations using infection with a **plant** viral vector to initiate regulated processes
- L4 ANSWER 6 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Establishment of a coupled expression system mediated by modified T7 RNA polymerase gene
- L4 ANSWER 7 OF 41 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- TI Translocation of 3-deoxy-D-arabino-heptulosonate 7-phosphate synthase precursor into isolated chloroplasts.
- L4 ANSWER 8 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

- Completion of nucleotide sequence and generation of highly infectious TItranscripts to cucurbits from full-length cDNA clone of Kyuri green mottle mosaic virus
- ANSWER 9 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L4
- Comparison of strength of endogenous and exogenous gene promoters in TΙ Arabidopsis chloroplasts
- ANSWER 10 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L4
- Delivery of functional protein sequences by translocating polypeptides ΤI

=> d ab

ANSWER 1 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L4

A di-cistronic expression cassette (Hb) encoding the $\alpha\text{-}$ and AΒ β -subunits of human adult Hb, under the transcriptional control of a phage T7 promoter, was introduced into the tobacco plastid genome. The resulting chloroplast-transformed line, Hb1, was crossed with a nuclear-transformed line, PR-T7A, expressing a salicylic acid-inducible plastid-targeted T7 RNA polymerase in order to activate Hb transcription. Even in the absence of induction, Hb transcripts were expressed constitutively in HblxPR-T7A progeny plants. Treatment of leaves with salicylic acid resulted in an addnl. five-fold increase in Hb transcript levels. However, despite the very high-level of Hb transcript accumulation in Hb1xPR-T7A plants and the fact that the Hb expression cassette directed the synthesis of Hb in Escherichia coli, recombinant Hb did not accumulate at levels detectable by immunoblot anal. in chloroplast-transformed plants. Furthermore, Hb transcripts present in total leaf RNA isolated from Hb1xPR-T7A plants directed Hb synthesis in an E. coli-derived in vitro translation system thus excluding the possibility that Hb mRNA might have been rendered untranslatable by the plastid RNA editing machinery.

=> d so

- ANSWER 1 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN T.4
- Plant Science (Amsterdam, Netherlands) (2004), 166(6), 1605-1611 SO CODEN: PLSCE4; ISSN: 0168-9452

=> d 2 ab

ANSWER 2 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

A T7 promoter-controlled transgene, AbL, encoding a AB camel single-domain antibody fragment that binds to the model antigen chicken egg-white lysozyme was introduced into the plastid genome of tobacco. AbL expression was activated in the transplastomic line by introducing a nuclear transgene, ST7, encoding a light-regulated plastid-targeted T7RNAP by cross-pollination. The resulting AbL + ST7 progeny seedlings developed a pale-green phenotype and ceased growth soon after germination. High levels of AbL transcripts accumulated in AbL + ST7 seedlings and expression of functional AbL antibody was detected by ELISA. Transplastomic AbL plants were also crossed with nuclear-transformed tobacco plants containing a salicylic acid-inducible transgene encoding a plastid-targeted T7RNAP (PR-T7 transgene). The resulting AbL + PR-T7 progeny were wild-type in appearance but were slow growing and prone to wilting even when provided with adequate water. Although AbL transcription was inducible by treating AbL + PR-T7 leaves with salicylic acid, high levels of T7RNAP-dependent AbL transcripts also accumulated in the absence of induction. However, AbL antibody did not accumulate at

levels detectable by immunoblotting or ELISA in AbL + PR-T7 plants despite the fact that total leaf RNA containing AbL transcripts was capable of directing AbL antibody synthesis in an E. coli-derived in vitro translation system.

```
=> s ((tuttle a?) or (tuttle, a?))/au
            91 ((TUTTLE A?) OR (TUTTLE, A?))/AU
L5
=> s 15 and t7
            3 L5 AND T7
L6
=> dup rem 16
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6
              3 DUP REM L6 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> d 1-3 ti
     ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
Ь7
     Transgenic expressing mature ragweed pollen allergen for development of
TI
     anti allergic agent
     ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L7
     Therapeutic protein production in plants and use of plant and plant
TI
     products in disease prevention or treatment
     ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L7
     Methods for the production of hybrid seeds
TT
=> s ((sela i?) or (sela, i?))/au
           221 ((SELA I?) OR (SELA, I?))/AU
=> s 18 and t7
            10 L8 AND T7
Ь9
=> dup rem 19
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L9
              5 DUP REM L9 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L10
=> d 1-5 ti
L10 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1
     Vaccination with E. coli recombinant empty viral particles of infectious
     bursal disease virus (IBDV) confer protection
     ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     A gene expression silencing system and its different uses
     ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2
     Infectious RNA transcripts from grapevine virus A cDNA clone
TI
     ANSWER 4 OF 5 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National
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     of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.
                                                        DUPLICATE 3
     (2004) on STN
     T7 RNA polymerase drives transcription of a reporter gene from
TI
     T7 promoter, but engenders post-transcriptional silencing of
     expression.
     ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4
     Expression and assembly of the potato virus Y (PVY) coat protein (CP) in
TI
     Escherichia coli cells
```

=> t7 and silenc?
T7 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s t7 and silenc? L11 62 T7 AND SILENC?

=> s 177 and rna polymerase
L77 NOT FOUND
The L-number entered could not be found. To see the definition
of L-numbers, enter DISPLAY HISTORY at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s l11 and rna polymerase L12 45 L11 AND RNA POLYMERASE

=> dup rem 112 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L12 L13 33 DUP REM L12 (12 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-10 ti

- L13 ANSWER 1 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 TI Simple and rapid synthesis of siRNA derived from in vitro transcribed shRNA
- L13 ANSWER 2 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 TI Methods for post-transcriptional gene **silencing** using soluble
 Neurospora crassa RNA polymerase
- L13 ANSWER 3 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 TI Methods, compositions and kits for producing dsRNA as siRNA by tagging
 RNA polymerase promoter to both ends of dsDNA template
- L13 ANSWER 4 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN TI Methods and compositions for RNA interference
- L13 ANSWER 5 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 TI Polymerase synthesis and potential interference of a small-interfering RNA targeting hPim-2
- L13 ANSWER 6 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 TI Silencing of c-myc Expression in Tumor Cells by siRNA
- L13 ANSWER 7 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN TI Potential design rules and enzymatic synthesis of siRNAs
- L13 ANSWER 8 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1 TI .Interferon induction by siRNAs and ssRNAs synthesized by phage polymerase
- L13 ANSWER 9 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2
 TI Inhibition of EGFP expression by siRNA in EGFP-stably expressing Huh-7
 cells
- L13 ANSWER 10 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 TI Methods and compositions relating to polypeptides with RNase III domains that mediate RNA interference for gene silencing

=> d ab

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

A less expensive and convenient method of synthesizing siRNAs by in vitro ΔR transcription. An oligonucleotide comprising, in the 5' to 3'-direction: (1) an antisense sequence of a target nucleic acid sequence; (2) a trimming sequence which is cleaved by a base-specific RNase; (3) a sense sequence of the target nucleic acid sequence; (4) an antisense sequence of a promoter sequence; (5) a loop-forming sequence; and (6) a sense sequence of the promoter sequence; wherein the antisense and the sense sequence of the promoter sequence together form a duplex via a hairpin structure in the mol., and, upon transcription, the transcription products of the antisense and the sense sequence of the target nucleic acid sequence form together a duplex via the trimming sequence in the mol., is used as template for vitro transcription for synthesis of short hairpin RNAs (shRNAs). Use of the siRNAs for silencing of gene expression via RNA interference (RNAi) is also claimed. Temporal gene silencing in mammalian cells using small interfering RNA (siRNA) is an invaluable tool for mammalian genetics and is becoming established. However, systematic studies of siRNA such as large-scale target validations are limited due to the high cost of chemical synthesis of double-stranded RNAs. Here, the authors devise a simple, rapid, practical and cost-effective method for preparing active siRNA derived from short hairpin (sh) RNA which is transcribed from a single-stranded synthetic DNA template using T7 RNA polymerase. This method does not require any sequence-limitation in the selection of the target region of genes. They demonstrate efficient silencing of several genes by the transcribed siRNAs obtained by this method.

=> d so

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN SO PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

=> d pi

L13	3 ANSWER 1 OF 33 PATENT NO.				CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 20 KIND DATE						ACS (DATE					
ΡĪ	WO 2004063372					A1 20040729					WO 2	004-	20040107					
		W:		ΑE,											AZ,	AZ,	BA,	BB,
		•••		BG,														
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	JP	• • •						0924	JP 2003-2124 20030108									

=> d 11-20 ti

- L13 ANSWER 11 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Stimulating RNA interference-related gene **silencing** using sense DNA and antisense RNA hybrid (cDNA-aRNA) constructs and therapeutic uses
- L13 ANSWER 12 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- Method for the in vitro synthesis of short double stranded RNAs and use thereof for RNA interference and gene **silencing**
- L13 ANSWER 13 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- Antisense oligonucleotides targeting hepatitis C virus RNA for treatment of infection

- L13 ANSWER 14 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Gene **silencing** using sense DNA and antisense RNA hybrid constructs for stimulating RNA interference and use therefor in the treatment of cancer and viral infection
- L13 ANSWER 15 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI High-throughput in vitro transcription for interference RNA synthesis and their use in gene functional validation analysis
- L13 ANSWER 16 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3
- TI Small nucleolar RNA interference induced by antisense or double-stranded RNA in trypanosomatids
- L13 ANSWER 17 OF 33 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. or
- TI Posttranscriptional ferroportin gene **silencing** induces iron retention and enhances ferritin synthesis in human macrophages.
- L13 ANSWER 18 OF 33 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. or STN
- TI Inhibition of the Bcr-Abl gene in K-562 cells by Bcr-Abl-specific small interfering RNA (siRNA).
- L13 ANSWER 19 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Characteristics of the RNA interference phenomenon and structural principles and properties of short interfering RNA (siRNA)
- L13 ANSWER 20 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Simple and rapid synthesis of siRNA derived from in vitro transcribed shRNA

=> d 21-30 ti

- L13 ANSWER 21 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI A simple and cost-effective method for producing small interfering RNAs with high efficacy
- L13 ANSWER 22 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI The production of the male-only progeny in the mediterranean fruitfly Ceratitis capitata using C. capitata tra gene (Cctra) RNAi as a tool
- L13 ANSWER 23 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Gene **silencing** using mRNA-cDNA hybrids, methods, compositions, and therapeutic uses thereof
- L13 ANSWER 24 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Construction of regulated systems in plants using multiple transformations using infection with a plant viral vector to initiate regulated processes
- L13 ANSWER 25 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI RNA interference in mammalian cells using siRNAs synthesized with T7 RNA polymerase
- L13 ANSWER 26 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4
- TI Polycomb group repression reduces DNA accessibility
- L13 ANSWER 27 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5
- TI A general mechanism for viral resistance to suicide gene expression
- L13 ANSWER 28 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI A gene expression silencing system and its different uses
- L13 ANSWER 29 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 6

- TI Trypanosoma brucei variant surface glycoprotein regulation involves coupled activation/inactivation and chromatin remodeling of expression sites
- L13 ANSWER 30 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 7
- TI Fluorochrome-labeled RNA as a sensitive, strand-specific probe for direct fluorescence in situ hybridization

=> d 25 ab

- L13 ANSWER 25 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- Methods that allow the specific **silencing** of a desired gene are invaluable tools for research. One of these is based on RNA interference (RNAi), a process by which double-stranded RNA (dsRNA) specifically suppresses the expression of a target mRNA. Recently, it has been reported that RNAi also works in mammalian cells if small interfering RNAs (siRNAs) are used to avoid activation of the interferon system by long dsRNA. Thus, RNAi could become a major tool for reverse genetics in mammalian systems. However, the high cost and the limited availability of the short synthetic RNAs and the lack of certainty that a designed siRNA will work present major drawbacks of the siRNA technol. Here the authors present an alternative method to obtain cheap and large amts. of siRNAs using T7 RNA polymerase. With multiple

using T7 RNA polymerase. With multiple transfection procedures, including calcium phosphate co-precipitation, the authors

demonstrate silencing of both exogenous and endogenous genes.

=> d 25 so

L13 ANSWER 25 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN SO Nucleic Acids Research (2002), 30(10), e46/1-e46/4 CODEN: NARHAD; ISSN: 0305-1048

=> d 28 pi

L13	ANS	SWER :	28 0	F 33	CA	PLUS	CO	PYRI	GHT :	2004	ACS	on	STN						
	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE					APPL	ICAT	ION	NO.	DATE				
							-												
ΡI	WO 2000042206					A1 20000720				WO 2000-IL29						20000116			
		W:	ΑE,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,	CU,	
			CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	
x			IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	
			MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	
		;	SK,	SL,	ΤJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	ΤZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	
			ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	\mathbf{TM}									
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	ΤZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	
			DK,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	
			CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ΜL,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG					
	CA 2359356					AA		2000	0720	(CA 20	- 000	2359	356		20	0000	116	

=> d 31-33 ti

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 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 8
- TI **T7 RNA polymerase** drives transcription of a reporter gene from **T7** promoter, but engenders post-transcriptional **silencing** of expression.

- L13 ANSWER 32 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 9
 TI Silencing of RNA polymerases II and III-dependent transcription
 by the KRAB protein domain of KOX1, a Kruppel-type zinc finger factor
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 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 10
- Probes for chromatin accessibility in the Drosophila bithorax complex respond differently to Polycomb-mediated repression.

=> d 31 ab

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(2004) on STN DUPLICATE 8

=> d 31 so

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 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 8
- SO Plant science, Feb 22, 1999. Vol. 141, No. 1. p. 59-65
 Publisher: Shannon [Clare]: Elsevier Scientific Publishers Ireland Ltd.,
 c1985CODEN: PLSCE4; ISSN: 0168-9452